## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

Claim 1. (Original): A method of combating and controlling insects, acarines, nematodes or molluscs which comprises applying to a pest, to a locus of a pest, or to a plant susceptible to attack by a pest an insecticidally, acaricidally, nematicidally or molluscicidally effective amount of a compound of formula (I):

wherein Y is a single bond, C=O, C=S or S(O)<sub>a</sub> where q is 0, 1 or 2; R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkoxycarbonyl, optionally substituted alkylcarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, optionally substituted alkylaminocarbonyl, optionally substituted dialkylaminocarbonyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl, optionally substituted alkoxy, optionally substituted aryloxy, optionally substituted heteroaryloxy, optionally substituted heterocyclyloxy, cyano, optionally substituted alkenyl, optionally substituted alkynyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted cycloalkenyl, formyl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl, optionally substituted alkylthio, NO or NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup> where R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are independently hydrogen, COR<sup>40</sup>, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl, optionally substituted heterocyclyl or R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> together with the N atom to which they are attached form a group -N=C(R<sup>41</sup>)-NR<sup>42</sup>R<sup>43</sup>; R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently hydrogen, halogen, cyano, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkoxy, optionally substituted aryl or C(O)NR<sup>15</sup>R<sup>16</sup> where R<sup>15</sup> and R<sup>16</sup> are independently hydrogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl or optionally substituted heterocyclyl, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together are =0, or R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together with the atoms to which they are attached form a 4, 5, 6, or 7 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring; each R<sup>4</sup> is independently halogen, nitro, cyano, optionally substituted C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, optionally substituted C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, optionally substituted C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, optionally substituted alkoxycarbonyl, optionally substituted alkylcarbonyl, optionally substituted alkylaminocarbonyl, optionally substituted dialkylaminocarbonyl, optionally substituted C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted heteroaryl, optionally substituted

· heterocyclyl, optionally substituted alkoxy, optionally substituted aryloxy, optionally substituted heteroaryloxy, optionally substituted alkylthio or R<sup>19</sup>R<sup>20</sup>N where R<sup>19</sup> and R<sup>20</sup> are, independently, hydrogen, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl or R<sup>19</sup> and R<sup>20</sup> together with the N atom to which they are attached form a five, six or seven-membered heterocyclic ring which may contain one or two further heteroatoms selected from O, N or S and which may be optionally substituted by one or two C<sub>1.6</sub> alkyl groups, or 2 adjacent groups R<sup>4</sup> together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a 4, 5, 6, or 7 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring which may be optionally substituted by halogen; n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4; R<sup>8</sup> is optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkenyl, optionally substituted alkynyl, optionally substituted cycloalkyl, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted alkoxy, optionally substituted aryloxy, optionally substituted alkoxycarbonyl, optionally substituted alkylcarbonyl or optionally substituted alkenylcarbonyl; R9 and R10 are independently hydrogen, halogen, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aryl or R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> together form a group -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -CH=CH- or -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>-; R<sup>40</sup> is H, optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted alkoxy, optionally substituted aryl, optionally substituted aryloxy optionally substituted heteroaryl, optionally substituted heteroaryloxy or NR<sup>44</sup>R<sup>45</sup>; R<sup>41</sup>, R<sup>42</sup> and R<sup>43</sup> are each independently H or lower alkyl: R<sup>44</sup> and R<sup>45</sup> are independently optionally substituted alkyl, optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted heteroaryl or salts or N-oxides thereof.

Claim 2 (Original): A method according to claim 1 wherein Y is a bond or is C=O.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): A method according to claim 1 er claim 2-wherein R¹ is hydrogen, C¹ e alkyl, C¹ e yanoalkyl, C¹ haloalkyl, C₃ cycloalkyl(C¹ a)alkyl, C¹ e alkoxy(C¹ e)alkyl, heteroaryl(C¹ e)alkyl (wherein the heteroaryl group may be optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano, C¹ e alkyl, C¹ e haloalkyl, C¹ e alkoxy, C¹ e haloalkoxy, C¹ e alkylsulfonyl, C¹ e alkylsulfinyl, C¹ e alkylsulfonyl, c¹ e two adjacent positions on the heteroaryl system may be cyclised to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, itself optionally substituted with halogen), aryl(C¹ e)alkyl (wherein the aryl group may be optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano, C¹ e alkyl, C¹ e haloalkyl, C¹ e alkoxy, C¹ e haloalkoxy, C¹ e alkylsulfonyl, C¹ e alkylsulfinyl, C¹ e alkylthio, C¹ e alkoxycarbonyl, C¹ e alkylcarbonylamino, arylcarbonyl, or two adjacent positions on the aryl system may be cyclised to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, itself optionally substituted with halogen), C¹ e alkylcarbonylamino(C¹ e)alkyl, aryl (which may be optionally substituted with halogen), C¹ e alkylcarbonylamino(C¹ e)alkyl, aryl (which may be optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano, C¹ e alkylcarbonyl, C¹ e alkylsulfinyl, C¹ e alkylthio, C¹ e alkylsulfinyl, C¹ e alkylthio, C¹ e alkylsulfonyl, C¹ e alkylsulfinyl, C¹ e alkylthio, C¹ e alkylcarbonylemino, arylcarbonyl, or two adjacent positions on the aryl

· system may be cyclised to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, itself optionally substituted with halogen), heteroaryl (which may be optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfinyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylcarbonylamino, arylcarbonyl, or two adjacent positions on the heteroaryl system may be cyclised to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring, itself optionally substituted with halogen), C<sub>1.6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1.6</sub> haloalkoxy, phenoxy (wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino), heteroaryloxy (optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy), heterocycyloxy (optionally substituted by halo, C<sub>1.6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1.6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1.6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1.6</sub> haloalkoxy), cyano, C<sub>2.6</sub> alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkynyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{5-7}$  cycloalkenyl, heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy), C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkylthio or NR<sup>13</sup>R<sup>14</sup> where R<sup>13</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are independently hydrogen, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> haloalkyl, phenyl (which may be optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino, dialkylamino or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxycarbonyl) or heteroaryl (which may be optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxycarbonyl C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylcarbonylamino, phenyloxycarbonylamino (wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino), amino, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylamino or phenylamino (wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino).

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): A method according to any preceding claim  $\underline{claim 1}$ , wherin  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are are independently hydrogen or  $C_{1.4}$  alkyl.

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): A method according to any preceding claim claim 1, wherein each  $R^4$  is independently halogen, cyano,  $C_{1-8}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-8}$  haloalkyl,  $C_{1-6}$  cyanoalkyl,  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{5-6}$  cycloalkenyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{3-6}$  alkenyloxy( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{3-6}$  alkynyloxy( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl, aryloxy( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$  carboxyalkyl,  $C_{1-6}$  alkylcarbonyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkenylcarbonyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkynylcarbonyl( $C_{1-6}$ )-alkyl,  $C_{3-6}$  alkoxycarbonyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{3-6}$  alkenyloxycarbonyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{3-6}$  alkynyloxycarbonyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl, aryloxycarbonyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$  alkylsulfinyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$  alkylsulfonyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl, aminocarbonyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$  alkylaminocarbonyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl, phenyl( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl

· (wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino), heteroaryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (wherein the heteroaryl group is optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy), heterocyclyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (wherein the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-8</sub> 6 haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy), C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, aminocarbonyl(C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaminocarbonyl(C<sub>2-6</sub>)-alkenyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylaminocarbonyl(C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl, phenyl(C<sub>2-1</sub> 4)alkenyl, (wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino), C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, trimethylsilyl(C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkynyl, aminocarbonyl(C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkynyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaminocarbonyl(C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkynyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylaminocarbonyl(C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkynyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_{3-7}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-7}$  halocycloalkyl,  $C_{3-7}$  cyanocycloalkyl,  $C_{1-3}$  alkyl( $C_{3-7}$ )cycloalkyl, C<sub>1-3</sub> alkyl(C<sub>3-7</sub>)halocycloalkyl,phenyl (optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino), heteroaryl (optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy), heterocyclyl (wherein the heterocyclyl group is optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy), or 2 adjacent groups R<sup>4</sup> together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a 4, 5, 6,or 7 membered carbocylic or heterocyclic ring which may be optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy, phenoxy (optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-6}$  haloalkyl,  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy or  $C_{1-6}$  haloalkoxy), heteroaryloxy (optionally substituted by halo, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy), C<sub>1-8</sub> alkylthio or R<sup>19</sup>R<sup>20</sup>N where R<sup>19</sup> and R<sup>20</sup> are, independently, hydrogen, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl or R<sup>19</sup> and R<sup>20</sup> together with the N atom to which they are attached form a five, six or seven-membered heterocyclic ring which may contain one or two further heteroatoms selected from O. N or S and which may be optionally substituted by one or two  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl groups; n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4.

Claim 6 (Currently Amended): A method according to any preceding claim claim 1, wherin  $R^8$  is  $C_{1.0}$  alkyl,  $C_{1.10}$  haloalkyl, aryl( $C_{1.6}$ )alkyl (wherein the aryl group is optionally substituted by halogen,  $C_{1.4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1.4}$  alkoxy,  $C_{1.4}$  haloalkyl,  $C_{1.4}$  haloalkoxy,  $C_{1.4}$  haloalkoxy,  $C_{1.4}$  haloalkoxy,  $C_{1.4}$  haloalkoxy,  $C_{1.4}$  haloalkylamino), heteroaryl( $C_{1.6}$ )alkyl (wherein the heteroaryl group is optionally substituted halogen,

C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino), arylcarbonyl-(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl (wherein the aryl group may be optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino and the alkyl group may be optionally substituted by aryl), C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> haloalkenyl, aryl(C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl (wherein the aryl group is optionally substituted halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl, or two adjacent substituents can cyclise to form a 5, 6 or 7 membered carbocyclic or heterocyclic ring), C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, phenyl(C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkynyl (wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkylamino or dialkylamino), C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkylcarbonyl or aryl(C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenylcarbonyl (wherein the aryl group may be optionally substituted halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino), or -C(R<sup>51</sup>)(R<sup>52</sup>)-[CR<sup>53</sup>=CR<sup>54</sup>]z-R<sup>55</sup> where z is 1 or 2, R<sup>51</sup> and R<sup>52</sup> are each independently H, halo or C<sub>1-2</sub> alkyl, R<sup>53</sup> and R<sup>54</sup> are each independently H, halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> haloalkyl and R<sup>55</sup> is optionally substituted aryl or optionally substituted heteroaryl.

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): A method according to <del>any preceding claim 1, wherein R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are both hydrogen.</del>

Claim 8 (Original): A compound of formula IK

wherein Y is a single bond, C=O or S(O)<sub>q</sub> where q is 0, 1 or 2; R<sup>1</sup> is C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> cyanoalkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> alkenyloxy-(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> alkynyloxy(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, aryloxy(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> carboxyalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylcarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenylcarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynylcarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> alkenyloxycarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)-alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> alkynyloxycarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, aryloxycarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio(C<sub>1-6</sub>)-alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfinyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylsulfinyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, aminocarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl,

 $\cdot$  C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylaminocarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, di(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylaminocarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, phenyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted by halogen, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or  $C_{1-6}$  haloalkoxy), heteroaryl( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl (wherein the heteroaryl group may be substituted by halogen, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy), heterocyclyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (wherein the heterocyclyl group may be substituted by halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy), phenyl (optionally substituted by halogen, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy), heteroaryl (optionally substituted by halogen, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy), C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-7</sub> 6 haloaikenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> cyanoalkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-7</sub> cycloaikyl, formyl, heterocyclyl (optionally substituted by halogen, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy or C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy) or C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio; R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl; each R<sup>4</sup> is independently halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-10</sub> alkyl optionally substituted by C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, halogen, phenyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy), C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl optionally substituted by C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, halogen, phenyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy) or C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl optionally substituted by C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, halogen, phenyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy); n is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4;  $R^8$  is  $C_{1-10}$  alkyl optionally substituted by  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy, halogen or phenyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy), C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl optionally substituted by C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, halogen or phenyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy) or C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl optionally substituted by C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, halogen or phenyl (itself optionally substituted by halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy); R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are both hydrogen; and salts or N-oxides thereof provided that R<sup>8</sup> is not methyl and YR<sup>1</sup> is not SO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, methyl, ethyl, phenyl or fluoro-substituted phenyl.

Claim 9 (Original): A compound of formula (11)

where  $R^8$  is phenyl( $C_{2-4}$ )alkenyl (wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted by halogen,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino, provided the substituent is not *para*-fluoro); or a compound of formula (10)

where  $R^8$  is phenyl( $C_{2\cdot4}$ )alkenyl (wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted by halogen,  $C_{1\cdot4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1\cdot4}$  haloalkyl,  $C_{1\cdot4}$  haloalkyl,  $C_{1\cdot4}$  haloalkoxy, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino, provided the substituent is not a *para*-fluoro); or a compound of formula (9)

where  $R^2$  is as defined for formula (I) in claim 1 and  $R^8$  is phenyl( $C_{24}$ )alkenyl (wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted by halogen,  $C_{14}$  alkyl,  $C_{14}$  alkoxy,  $C_{14}$  haloalkyl,  $C_{14}$  haloalkoxy,  $C_{14}$  haloalkoxy, aryl, heteroaryl, amino or dialkylamino); or a compound of formula (9A)

where  $R^2$  and where  $(R^4)$ n are as defined for formula (I) in claim 1 and  $R^8$  is phenyl( $C_{2-4}$ )alkenyl (wherein the phenyl group is optionally substituted by halogen,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$  haloalkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$ 

Claim 10 (Original): An insecticidal acaricidal and nematicidal composition comprising an insecticidally, acaricidally or nematicidally effective amount of a compound of formula I as defined in claim 1.